

THE BOURBON NEWS

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PARIS, BOURBON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1918

ALLEGED CONSPIRACY TO CONTROL KENTUCKY TOBACCO

Charging that four tobacco manufacturing companies have conspired together to control the tobacco market in this State, Senator Basil Richardson, of Barren county, introduced a resolution in the Senate at Frankfort, calling for a committee to investigate the cause of the present condition of the tobacco market in this State. The resolution charges that the R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, the Liggett & Myers Company and the J. P. Lorillard Company have conspired together for the purpose of controlling the tobacco market in this State, which the resolution says is detrimental to the tobacco industry.

The resolution calls for the appointment of a committee of five members, two from the Senate and three from the House, to investigate the tobacco situation in this State and report back to the present session of the General Assembly. As the resolution was a joint one no action was taken on it.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS TO CELEBRATE ORDER FOUNDED.

The fifty-fourth anniversary of the founding of the now powerful order, Knights of Pythias, will be celebrated at the Castle Hall, in the Wilson Building, corner of Main and Third streets, to-morrow (Wednesday) evening at eight o'clock by the members of the local lodge, Rathbone No. 12, and their friends.

The program committee reported at a recent meeting of the lodge, when they submitted the following order of exercises, which will be observed at the anniversary meeting to-morrow night:

Calling Meeting to Order by C. C. Sir Knight T. M. Funk.

Invocation—Rev. J. J. Rice.

Opening Ode (To tune of America.)

Reading of Proclamation—Sir Knight P. J. McCord.

Violin Solo—Mrs. H. M. Hamilton.

Dedicating Honor Roll—Sir Knight W. H. Whaley.

Music by Quartette—Messrs. Wallace Clark, Clay Sutherland and Mrs. Robin Horton and Miss Patsy Clark.

Fifty-fourth Anniversary of Pythianism—Sir Knight J. K. Cahal.

Music—Vocal Quartette.

Our Country—Sir Knight D. D. Cline.

Song—"My Country"—Audience.

Benediction—Rev. R. C. Goldsmith.

BOURBON WOMAN MAKES HAT OF CORN SHUCKS.

During the Civil War, when material for clothing and personal adornment was almost tabooed and very hard to get the women of the South were hard put to find "something to wear," especially in the way of headgear. It became a very fashionable thing to wear hats fashioned in the shape of a turban, made from corn husks. Many women displayed a most commendable taste and an artistic touch in the creations they fashioned in this way from these husks.

While on her way to attend the meeting of the Daughters of the Confederacy at the court house last Saturday, Mrs. Charles C. Leer, who resides near Paris, showed THE NEWS a hat of this description, which she had made from corn husks grown on the Leer farm. It was made, she said, in identically the same way in which the women made them in war times, except in the matter of adornment, ribbons being very hard to get then. The "bonnet" was a remarkably artistic piece of handicraft, and attested the ingenuity of the maker, comparing very favorably with some later-day creations of modern material. The hat has been placed in the "museum" in the Confederate room as a reminder of the stressful times in the dark days of the Confederacy, when "men were forced to fight and women to mourn."

PARIS OIL COMPANY STRIKES TEN-BARREL WELL.

The Paris Oil & Gas Company, composed of Paris and Bourbon county capitalists, who have a nice prospect on their big lease in the Kentucky oil fields, received notice Saturday from their field manager, Mr. M. B. Moss, of a ten-barrel well on their forty-acre Bye Wise lease, in Estill county. The company has never sold any of their stock on the outside.

BUY THRIFT STAMPS FROM YOUR MERCHANT.

The United States Government has requested every business house in Paris and Bourbon county to keep on hand a supply of War Savings Stamps to offer for sale to their customers. Ask your merchant for them. He will be glad to sell them to you and will explain to you anything connected with them that you do not understand. This is patriotic service which he will be glad to perform.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

After the transaction of considerable routine business at the recent meeting of the City Council, presided over by Mayor January, a large amount of other business came up for consideration.

The recommendation of Chief of Police Fred Link that a curfew law be enacted, was referred to City Attorney Dundon, with instructions to draft such ordinance.

A proposition from the attorneys representing the Hutchcraft bankrupt estate, was presented by City Attorney Dundon. A clause embodied in the statement proposed a compromise by payment of taxes for the years 1915, 1916 and 1917 on \$88,487.07. The City Attorney was directed to dispose of the matter to the best interest of the city. It was ordered that the fire engine be attached to the auto fire truck and taken to all fires in the future.

A petition was filed from a number of residents on Virginia Avenue and on Vine street, complaining of the small size of the water mains on those streets, being only three inches, and asking for more pressure. The petition was referred to the Fire and Water Committee.

A committee was appointed to confer on the matter of fixing the salary of the City Health Officer and to report back at the next meeting of the Council. The present incumbent has been paid in the past a salary of \$400 per annum.

The members of the Police Department were given instructions to kill all stray dogs, making the need of a dog tax and dog tax system very apparent. It has been stated that the safe belonging to a former City Collector, the late Mr. R. K. McCorney, is filled with dog tags, ordered by the city some years ago. Why not use them?

A committee was appointed to look into the matter securing a reduction in the gas bills of the Paris Gas & Electric Co. for the month of January for the patrons of this city. The committee was instructed to hold a conference with the officials of the company. A motion made by Councilman Merringer was adopted authorizing Accountant Garland, of Lexington, who is going over the city's books, to make an investigation of the financial affairs of the Massie Memorial Hospital, for which he is to receive extra payment. An ordinance advertising for bids for lighting the city by electricity for one year was read by City Attorney Dundon, and adopted by the Council.

MUSICAL RECITAL AT PARIS HOME SCHOOL.

A recital by the music pupils of Miss E. D. Giltner will be given at the Paris Home School, Friday evening, February 22, at eight o'clock. The public is cordially invited. The following program will be rendered: Star Spangled Banner—Orchestra.

Piano Duet—Les Sylphes—(Bachmann)—Anne Dundon and Eva Chappell.

Piano Minuet—(Delohaye)—Evelyn Friedman.

Piano—Au Matin—(Godard)—Morris Price.

Voice Until—(Sanderson)—Chas. Burris.

Piano—Chant du Berger—(de Colas)—Eva Chappell.

Piano Duet—Hungarian Dance—(Brahms)—Mabel Templin and Miss Giltner.

Piano—a. Leutsche Tanze—(Beeethoven) b. (Les Hironnelles)—Godard—Anne Rutherford Duncan.

Voice—a. Calm As The Night—(Bohm)—b. Will 'o the Wisp—(Spross)—Minerva Sue Boardman.

Piano—Last Rose of Summer—(Sudds)—Charles Burris.

Violin—a. Serenade—(Gundo)—b. Traumel—(Schumann)—Thos. Spicer.

Vocal Duet—Crossing the Bar—(Ashton)—Minerva Sue Boardman and Charles Burris.

Piano—Triumphal March—(Kunkel)—Virginia Cook.

Piano—Kammennoi Ostrow—(Rubinstein)—Mabel Templin.

Piano Duet—Bolero—(Mabel Soper)—Minerva Sue Boardman and Miss Giltner.

Vocal Trio—Good Night—Misses Gaines, Soper and Mr. Burris.

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION MARCH 15-APRIL 19.

Mr. William Clarke, local Secretary of the Civil Service Commission, has received notice from Mr. John A. McIlhenney, at Washington, president of the United States Civil Service Commission, authorizing him to make public announcement of a Civil Service examination to be held here. The examination will be held in the Paris postoffice on March 15, and again on April 19, for clerks with a knowledge of stenography and typewriting. Prospective applicants can obtain all necessary information by calling on Mr. Clarke, at the Paris postoffice.

TOBACCO THEIVES MAKE A GOOD HAUL.

Unless tobacco owners and raisers in this county lock their crops up or place guards over them they are likely to wake up some fine morning and find the weed missing. Several cases of tobacco thievery in this and adjoining counties have been reported to the authorities.

One of these happened Saturday near Millersburg, when five hundred pounds of tobacco were stolen from Plummer & McKee, who had raised a crop of the weed on the farm belonging to Mr. James McClure. The tobacco was taken to Harrison county, and disposed of to a "pinhooker" for \$134, the actual value of the tobacco being a little over \$200. Two boys were later arrested and placed in jail at Cynthiana. In the interest of justice and in order to secure more evidence against them their names were not given out.

Wm. Rogers, of Nicholas county, and Walter Johnson, of near Millersburg, the two men arrested, confessed to taking the tobacco. They also confessed to taking a large lot of tobacco from a crop belonging to Burke, Brent & McDuffy, of Paris, which they sold in Lexington for \$178.

IN THE SERVICE OF THEIR COUNTRY.

Mr. Ben Leach, formerly an attaché of THE NEWS and the Kentuckian-Citizen, who is now a member of the naval reserve forces in the training cantonment at Camp Dewey, Great Lakes, Ill., will arrive here this week on a furlough, to visit relatives and friends.

Mr. Harmon Turner, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Turner, of near Paris, passed a successful examination at the U. S. Navy Recruiting Station in Cincinnati last week. Mr. Turner will probably be assigned to the station at Great Lakes, Ill., or to Newport News, Virginia.

BUSINESS MENS' PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION TO GIVE SMOKER

All the merchants of the city and the county are extended an urgent and very cordial invitation to attend a "smoker" and luncheon to be given at the Windsor Hotel, in Paris, to-night. There will be an abundance of good cheer for the inner man in the shape of substantial and the "smoker" will give all an opportunity to get better acquainted. An interesting program has been arranged for the occasion. Be sure and be there and you will not regret it.

DEPUTY FIRE MARSHAL PAYS PARIS A VISIT.

Mr. Edward M. Hite, formerly of Paris and Maysville, now Chief Deputy in the office of State Fire Marshal Thos. Pannell, at Frankfort, was in Paris, Friday, on a business mission, returning from Cynthiana, where he had been investigating the mysterious destruction by fire of the Cynthiana High School building.

Mr. Hite stated that, in his judgment, the fire was undoubtedly of incendiary origin, as they had discovered evidences of the fire having been started in three different places, and in such a manner that it would have been almost impossible to have checked the fire after it had secured a good headway. Mr. Hite and other officials are still working on the case, and have some clues which may tend to clear up the mystery and bring the criminals to justice.

While in Cynthiana, Mr. Hite was called in consultation by the members of the Cynthiana City Council, in regard to the purchase of an auto fire truck. A committee composed of Commissioners Rice and Hatterick, City Manager James J. Curle and Fire Chief Sheldon Reed, accompanied by Mr. Hite, left yesterday for Dayton, Cincinnati and Columbus, Ohio, where they will inspect auto fire trucks and other pieces of fire-fighting apparatus.

VEAL ROAST.

Order a veal roast for dinner to-morrow. We will have a nice home-killed animal on sale for to-morrow. MARGOLEN'S SANITARY MEAT MARKET.

STORK LEAVES BABY AS HOME BURNS DOWN.

Within an hour after the stork had left a baby girl at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Buckler, near the old Coulthard Mill, in this county, the home caught fire from an over-heated stove and was burned to the ground. The family lost all their possessions in the home, upon which there was no insurance.

The physician who had been called to attend Mrs. Buckler, was still in the home. He hastily wrapped the mother and her child in blankets and carried them to the home of a neighbor, where they were well taken care of. The home destroyed was one of the oldest in the county, having been built of hewn logs over 125 years ago.

— WE KNOW NOW —

GOOD TAILORING Will Outlive Good Ordinary Clothes



Just now it is patriotic economy to order long-wearing clothes—to pay a fair price and get tailoring that will hold its tightness and keep you satisfied for a longer period.

Few men ever retain cheaply tailored clothes till they wear out!

The shape goes wrong and the entire hang becomes floppy, then you become disgusted with your suit and discard it for another.

If you purchase a suit from us, whether you have it made to your measure or select it from our immense ready-to-wear assortment, you will be satisfied with the price, style and wear.

Suits Made to Measure From \$25 to \$50

Ready-to-Wear Suits From \$15 to \$35

MITCHELL & BLAKEMORE

Stetson Hats Manhattan Shirts Netleton Shoes

ENROLLMENT UNITED STATES SHIPYARD VOLUNTEERS.

Mr. A. B. Hancock, of Paris, Chairman of the Bourbon County Council of National Defense, recently received a letter from Mr. Edward N. Hurley, of Washington, D. C., Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, in relation to helping in the work of enrolling mechanics in all grades for the U. S. Ship-pink work. The letter, from which the following extracts are taken, urges the importance of getting men for the shipbuilding trade:

United States Shipping Board Washington, D. C.

February 5, 1918.

Mr. A. B. Hancock, Chairman, Bourbon County, Council Defense, Paris, Ky.

Dear Mr. Hancock:

Because of your official position, and the vital importance of the work of enrolling the United States Shipyard Volunteers, in which you are engaged, I desire to lay before you a statement outlining the shipbuilding situation. The information here contained is placed at your disposal, for use as you may see fit in obtaining the enrollment of the necessary men for the United States Shipyard Volunteers.

Our shipbuilding program contemplates the construction of six million tons annually, but owing to the want of the necessary skilled men, we are not under present conditions in a position to turn out that tonnage. The Shipping Board has the money. It has the yards. It has the material. The housing question is being rapidly cleared up. All that is needed is to obtain the necessary efficient labor.

It should be brought home to employers and to the employees of the industries of the nation that their own future depends on the construction of these ships. The fact is that the recent order issued by Fuel Administrator Garfield, closing the factories of the whole country, and the more recent freight embargo issued by Secretary McAdoo, tying up all the freight with the exception of food and fuel, came not because of a falling down on the part of the carriers themselves, but because of the lack of ships. The reason for this is plain. The speeding up of the American factories piled in the Eastern seaports, and packed into every railway siding outside of the seaboard cities, thousands of loaded cars of materials for the war zone. The result was that even the coal required for the ships in harbor could not get through, and even the few ships which we now possess were held in harbor by empty bunkers and could not sail.

Until we have ships to clear the Atlantic ports of manufactured goods, for which our Army in France and our Allies are in need, these enforced holidays and embargoes must recur, with the result that no factory in America can be assured of running full time and no workmen can count on continuous employment.

If you can drive this home to your people; if this lesson, through constant repetition, can be thoroughly learned; there is no doubt that you will get your quota of the necessary men.

It is not mere numbers that count—it is the efficiency of the men enrolled.

It is as much to the interest of the manufacturer to send his best men to the shipyards as it is to the interest of the man himself to go.

If the use of my name will in any way help you in your work, you have the authority to use it, quoting from this statement, to the end that the people from your district may realize once and for all that on labor depends the construction of the needed ships, and on these ships depend not only the war itself, but the present industrial lift of the nation.

Yours respectfully, EDWARD N. HURLEY, Chairman of the Board.

CONSERVATION OF FLOUR IS EXTENDED BY HOOVER.

All hotels, restaurants, dining cars, steamships, boarding houses and other public eating places, including clubs, which use three barrels of flour a month, must hereafter serve Victory pies, pastry, cookies, griddle cakes, waffles, etc., as well as Victory bread under a ruling announced by the Food Administration to become effective at once.

All pies, pastry, cakes, etc., served by such places must contain a third of wheat substitutes at all times and batter cakes, griddle cakes and waffles must contain three-quarters of wheat substitutes.

"The new regulation," said a Food Administration announcement, "has been put into operation for the protection of those public eating places which desire to co-operate to the fullest extent with the Food Administration in wheat saving, but were subjected to unfair competition on the part of some of their competitors."

BANK STOCK SALE.

Auctioneer M. F. Kenney sold Saturday at the court house door in Paris for the Bourbon-Agricultural Bank & Trust Co., administrator of the estate of John W. Tanner, deceased, ten shares of the capital stock of the First National Bank, of Paris, at \$210 per share, and fifteen shares of the Bourbon-Agricultural Bank & Trust Co., at \$239 per share.

INFECTIOUS DISEASE APPEARS AMONG BOURBON CATTLE.

The fact that an infectious disease peculiar to cattle, although almost unknown in this county, called Hemorrhagic Septicemia, had appeared in a herd of cattle belonging to Mr. James L. Dodge, on the North Middletown pike, was reported last week to County Live Stock Inspector Dr. M. H. Hamilton.

Dr. Hamilton immediately made an investigation, and after his diagnosis determined to conduct a post-mortem examination of a steer that had died. This revealed the presence of the disease. Parts of the internal organs of the animal were sent to the Agricultural Experiment Station at State University, Lexington, for further examination.

Nine head of Mr. Dodge's herd have died of the disease. Precautions have been taken to prevent a further spread of the disease.

Dr. F. P. Campbell, of Paris, furnished THE NEWS with the following communication regarding this disease, which will no doubt prove interesting to owners of cattle and to stockmen generally:

"Hemorrhagic Septicemia is a disease that is caused by the Bacillus Bovisepticus and prevails mostly in the North and West, Iowa, Nebraska and the Dakotas, a great many of the types have been of the sub-acute or chronic type, but in the fall of 1917 they were mostly highly acute.

"This disease is often confounded with corn stalk disease, or forage poisoning and some eminent veterinarians are inclined to the opinion that all these outbreaks are Hemorrhagic Septicemia, but I believe the consensus of opinion is against this theory, as has been demonstrated in Nebraska where they vaccinated hundreds of sheep and cattle with Hemorrhagic Septicemia Bactrins with negative results, all of them dying, although post-mortem showed small deposits of the Bacillus Bovisepticus. This Bacillus is very commonly found as a secondary infection in a variety of diseased conditions.

"It is claimed it is possible to isolate this organism from the discharges of normal healthy animals.

"An autopsy will show a hyperemia and in some instances an inflammation involving the periphery and sometimes the cerebral structure itself, if the animals have sufficient resistance they may live long enough to secrete serious inflammatory fluid, and besides, there will be found petechial hemorrhages in other structures of the body. The surest test is the isolation of the organism and injection into the rabbit, which it promptly destroys.

"In Nebraska they have vaccinated a great number of cattle against Hemorrhagic Septicemia and when turned back to the stalk fields they die.

"When the diagnosis is correct and has not been confounded with forage poisoning the vaccination has been invaluable."

REAL ESTATE DEALS AND LAND SALES.

Mr. Robert M. Gilkey, of North Middletown, purchased of Mrs. Charlton Lowe, a tract of fifty-six acres of land lying near North Middletown, at \$235 per acre. Possession will be given the purchaser on March 1st.

Dr. L. R. Henry, of North Middletown, purchased from James Munday his farm containing 117 acres, located about two miles from North Middletown, on the Wade's Mill pike, at a price not made public. Possession will be given on March 1, when Dr. Henry will place a tenant on the farm.

Dr. D. S. Henry, purchased of R. H. Herrington, at a private price the farm located on Cane Ridge, adjoining the lands of Samuel Clay and John H. Roseberry.

Mr. Jos. Ferrant purchased the 205-acre farm in Mason county, known as the W. W. Ball farm, of Thos. L. Ewan and Sherman Aro, for \$50,000. Mr. Ferrant will move from his present location near Jacksonville, and take possession on March 1.

Brock Bros. & Tanner, of Clark county, sold to Mr. James Munday, of Winchester, their farm of 194 acres, located on the Ware pike, near Avon Station, in Bourbon county, for \$32,000, possession to be given March 1. The farm is all in bluegrass, well improved, and is one of the best bodies of land in Bourbon county.

Charles Edward, of North Middletown, has sold his fine farm near that place to Dr. Robinson, of Mt. Sterling, for a private price.

The residence of Mr. Luther Ashcraft, on South Main street, and two vacant lots on South High street, which were to have been sold at public sale Saturday afternoon, were bid as a whole to \$4,135, and withdrawn.